

# Global Commercial Portfolio Next-generation Innovative Platform

March 2026

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**HUTCHMED**





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# Agenda

1

Opening

**Johnny Cheng**  
*Acting Chief Executive Officer  
Chief Financial Officer*



2

Financial Review & Outlook

**Lorenzo Chiu**  
*Deputy Chief Financial Officer*



3

Commercial Delivery

**George Yuan**  
*Head of Commercial (China)*



4

Pipeline Updates & ATTC Platform

**Guangxiu Dai**  
*Head of Discovery &  
Global Portfolio Management*



5

Our Strategy

6

Q&A

# 2025 Achievements

(In US\$)

 **Global Asset**  
**FRUZAQLA® 2025 Growth** **+26%**

 **China In-market Sales**  
**H2 Rebound** **+21%**

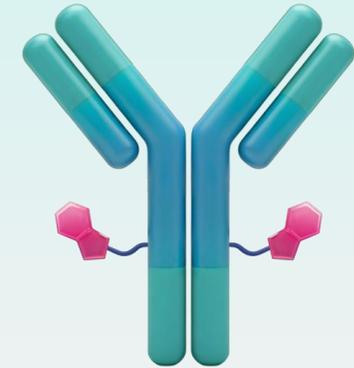
 **Financials**  
**Strong Cash Position** **\$1.4bn**

- Accelerate ATTC global development
- Potential in-licensing and M&A

 **Next-gen Innovation**

**ATTC**  
**Global Phase I**

- Potential BD with MNCs
- Huge market potential
- More drug candidate on the way



**Further Pipeline Progress**

- Multiple NDAs approved or in review

# Financial Review & Outlook

*Underpinned by strong financial & strategic fundamentals*

# 2025 Key Financial Highlights (1/2)

(In US\$)



## Oncology/Immunology Revenue

**\$286m**

2024: \$363m

Upfront, milestones, etc.: \$71m  
(2024: \$92m)



## Net Income

**\$457m**

2024: \$38m

Attributed to SHPL divestment gain \$416m<sup>[1]</sup>

## In-market Sales

Ex-CN **\$366m** +26% vs LY, +25% H2 vs H1

CN **\$159m** -25% vs LY, **+21% H2 vs H1**

**Profitable operations  
excluding one-time gain**

[1] Represented divestment gain net of tax



# 2025 Key Financial Highlights (2/2)

(In US\$)



## R&D Expenses

# \$148m

2024: \$212m

Transition from completion of late-stage trials to next wave ATTCs



## Strong Cash

# \$1,367m

2024: \$836m

Driven by SHPL divestment proceeds

- Multiple late-stage assets in reg. stage
- Initiated multiple INDs for ATTC programs

Well-positioned to accelerate ATTC programs global development

(in US\$)

# 2026 Oncology/Immunology Revenue Guidance \$330m to \$450m

- China Commercial targets strong growth in 2026
- FRUZAQLA® continues global expansion
- Explore new partnership for novel drug candidates (incl ATTC program)



# Commercial Delivery

*Novel oncology products continue to bring growth*

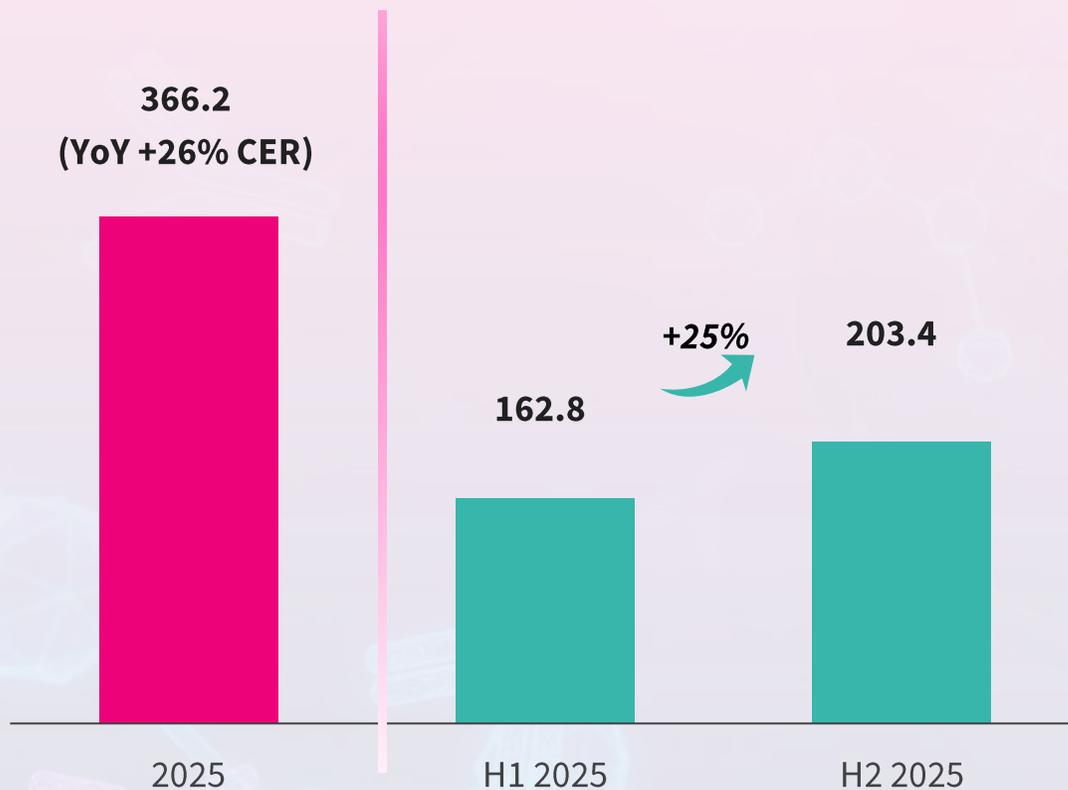


# FRUZAQLA®: Global Geographical Expansion

Colon cancer is the 3<sup>rd</sup> most common cancer and 2<sup>nd</sup> leading cause of cancer-related deaths worldwide<sup>[1]</sup>

In-market sales (in US\$ millions)

 **Fruzaqla**<sup>®</sup>  
(fruquintinib) capsules



## Proven global strategy

- **Growth driven by global expansion:** recent launches included Portugal, Belgium, and South Korea, etc.
- **Key drivers:**
  - Need for novel non-chemo options in CRC
  - Ongoing positive experiences of oncologists in 3L+
- **Progress in reimbursements:** available in ~50% of launch markets with strong uptake
- **US headwinds partially offset growth:** Medicare Part D Redesign impacted 2025 sales, consistent with industry trends

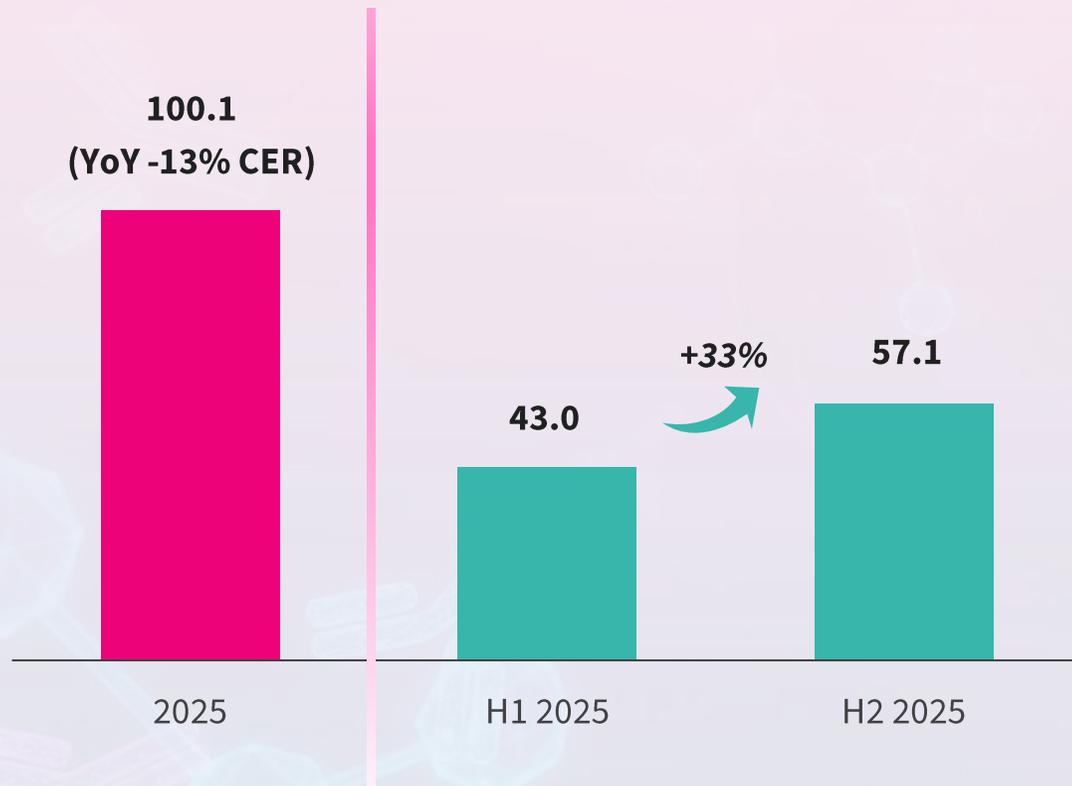
## 38 jurisdictions/countries launched:



[1] International Agency for Research on Cancer

# ELUNATE®: China Growth

In-market sales (in US\$ millions)



- **Leading market share in 3L CRC in China**
  - H1 sales temporarily affected by streamlined sales force
  - H2 sales growth from improved efficiencies after focusing resources on top-tier hospitals and high-potential provinces
  - Number one in sales value at end of 2025
- **Expanding indications and target markets**
  - EMC (mPFS 9.5 months) inclusion in 2026 NRDL at same price
  - RCC (mPFS 22.2 months) NDA under review

# ORPATHYS® & SULANDA®: 11% Of 2025 In-market Sales

Positive outlook

despite competitive markets with new entrants



ORPATHYS® (savolitinib)

- 1L METex14 skipping NSCLC added to NRDL
- SACHI approval to drive future growth
- SAFFRON/SANOVO upcoming readouts



SULANDA® (surufatinib)

- Maintained leading position in NET TKI
- Renewed 2026 NRDL coverage at same price
- Phase III PDAC trial commenced

# Building Our Hematology Portfolio

- CN FL approved in 2025
- Inclusion in the CIDL

**TAZVERIK<sup>®</sup>**  
**(tazemetostat)**

**Sovleplenib**  
**(Syk inhibitor)**

- ITP CN NDA resubmitted
- wAIHA potential  
CN NDA filing in H1 2026

- Phase III in AML ongoing

**Ranosidenib**  
**(IDH1/2 inhibitor)**

**HMPL-760**  
**(BTK inhibitor)**

- To initiate Phase III in  
DLBCL in H1 2026

# Pipeline Updates & ATTC Platform

*Next-generation Antibody-Targeted Therapy Conjugate (ATTC) platform*

*Progressing clinical development*

# 2025 and Recent Achievements

## Savolitinib\*

- China** SACHI approved
- China** SANOVO enrollment completed
- Global** SAFFRON enrollment completed
- China** 3L GC NDA accepted

## Sovleplenib

- China** ITP NDA re-submission  
BTD granted
- China** wAIHA Ph3 met endpoint

## ATTC Platform

- Global** A251 global Phase I initiated
- Global** A580 global Phase I initiated

## Fruquintinib^

- China** EMC included in NRDL
- China** RCC NDA accepted

## Surufatinib

- China** PDAC Phase III initiated

## Fanregratinib (HMPL-453)

- China** IHCC NDA accepted  
BTD granted

# Savolitinib: Global and China Progress Driving Future Growth



6 potential registration studies: 3 global & 4 in China, advancing multiple indications and market opportunities

## NSCLC

**METex 14: 1L&2L China**

Approved

**EGFRm:**

**2L MET-amp China**

Approved: SACHI

**2L MET-amp Selected ex-China**

Temporary authorisation: Switzerland SAVANNAH

**2L MET-amp/oe Global**

**Data readout (H2 2026):  
Global SAFFRON**

**1L MET-oe China**

**Data readout (late 2026 or early 2027):  
China SANOVO**

2025

2026

2027

## GC

**NDA under review with priority review: 3L MET-amp China**

# SACHI: Savolitinib + TAGRISSO® Phase III Registration Study in China

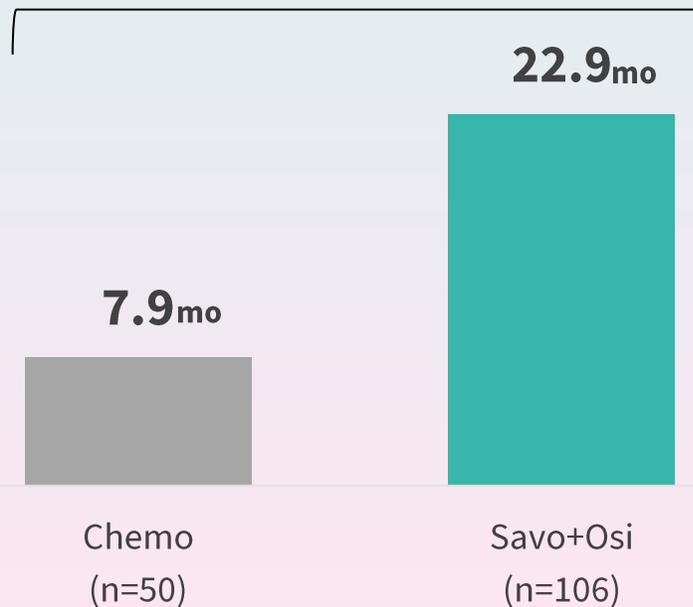
- China NMPA approval in June 2025
- Demonstrated clinically meaningful improvement in OS<sup>[2]</sup>

## THE LANCET

### mOS: ITT

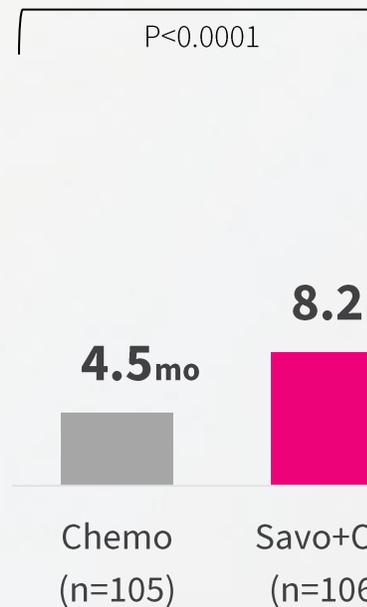
**Excl. patients who received subsequent MET inhibitor<sup>[2]</sup>**

**HR: 0.32**



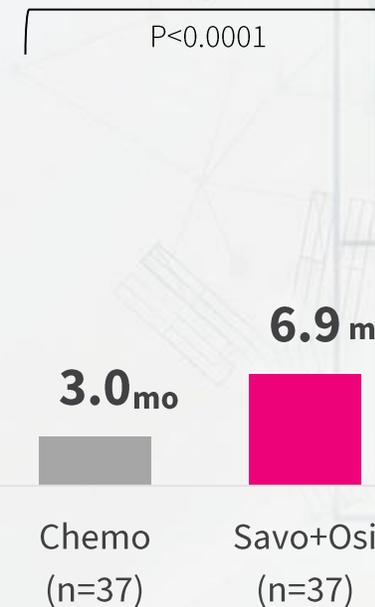
### mPFS: ITT<sup>[1]</sup>

**HR: 0.34**



### mPFS: Prior 3<sup>rd</sup> G EGFR-TKI<sup>[1]</sup>

**HR: 0.32**



2025 ASCO®  
ANNUAL MEETING

### Tumor Response in ITT: Investigator

	Chemo N=105	Savo + Osi N=106
ORR, %	34	58
DCR, %	67	89
mDoR (mo)	3.2	8.4

ITT = Intend-to-treat; HR = hazard ratio

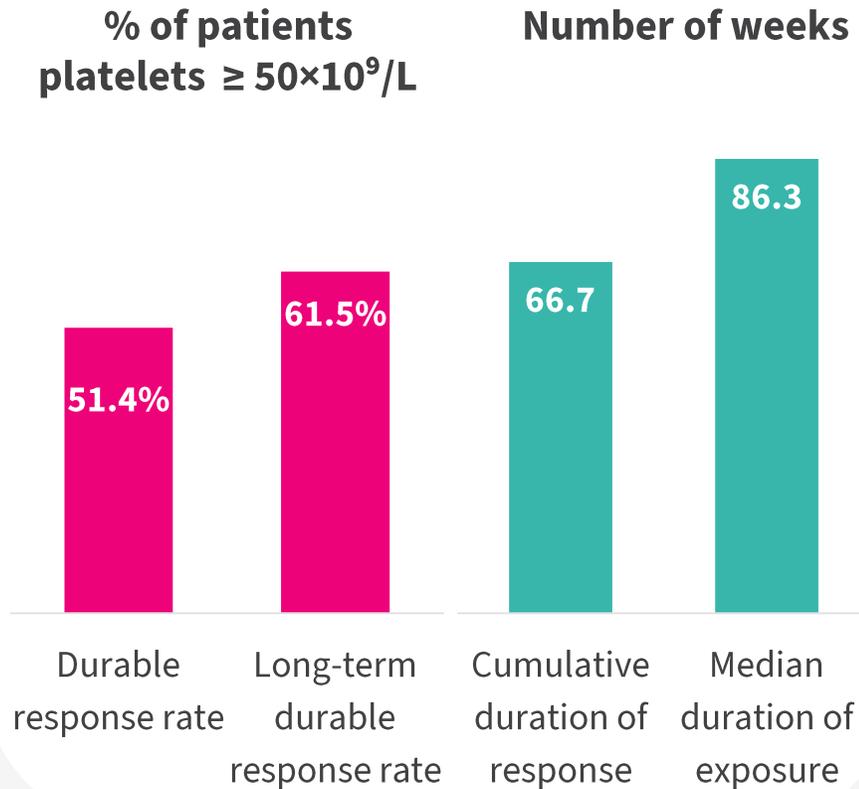
[1] Shun L, et al.; Savolitinib combined with osimertinib versus chemotherapy in EGFR-mutant and MET-amplified advanced NSCLC after disease progression on EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor: results from a randomized phase 3 SACHI study; ASCO 2025

[2] Shun L, et al.; Savolitinib plus osimertinib versus chemotherapy for advanced, EGFR mutation-positive, MET-amplified non-small-cell lung cancer in China (SACHI): interim analysis of a multicentre, open-label, phase 3 randomised controlled trial; The Lancet Jan 13 2026

# Sovleplenib Shows High Durable Response and Good Safety

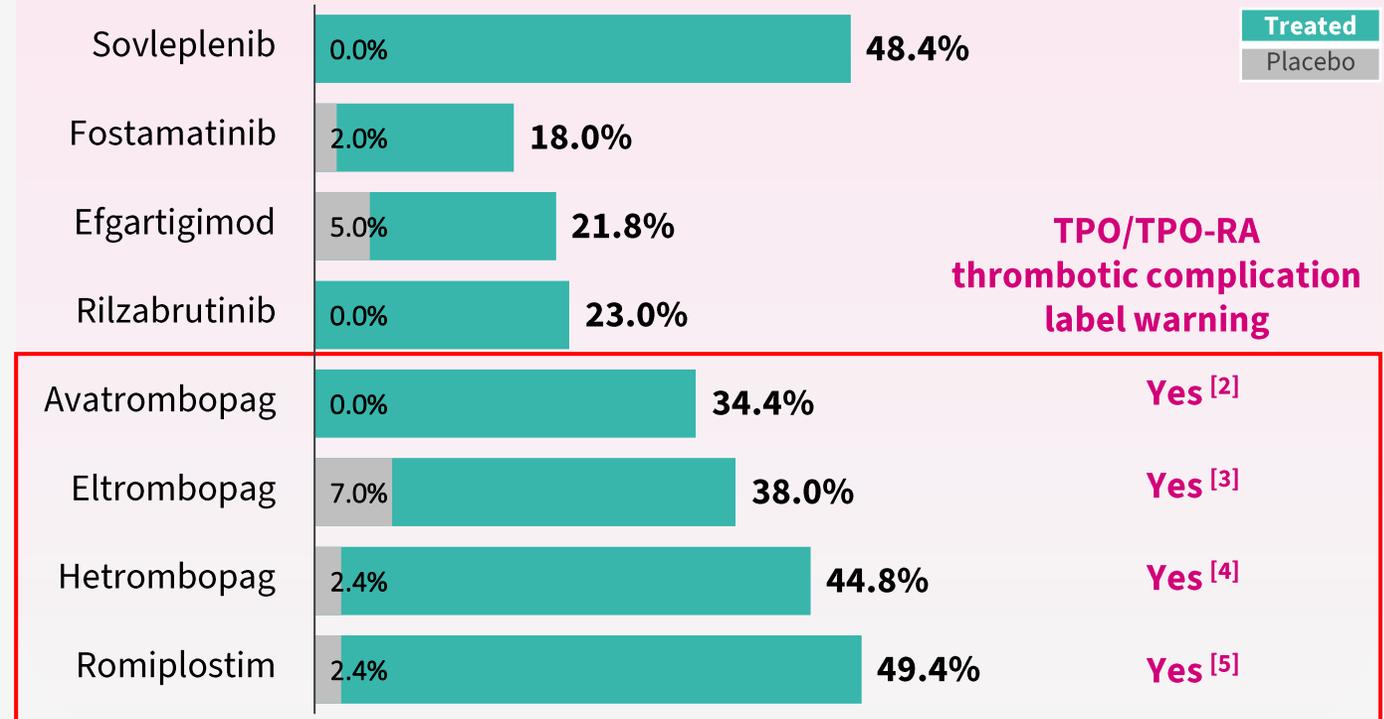
China ITP NDA resubmitted in February 2026

## Long-term data presented at ASH 2025



## Sovleplenib vs. other ITP products

### Durable response rate<sup>[1]</sup> in double-blind phase



[1] Definition of durable response: Romiplostim: platelets  $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$  for any 6 of the last 8 weeks of the 24-week, without rescue medication; Eltrombopag: platelets  $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$  and  $\leq 400 \times 10^9/L$  for 6 out of the last 8 weeks of the 26-week treatment period; Avatrombopag: proportion of participants with platelet count  $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$   $\geq 6$  weeks; Hetrombopag: proportion of patients who responded at  $\geq 75\%$  of their platelet count assessments throughout 24-week treatment; Rilzabrutinib: platelets  $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$  on  $\geq 8$  of the last 12 weeks, without rescue medication; Efgartigimod: platelets  $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$  on at least 4 of the last 6 scheduled visits between weeks 19 and 24 of treatment without intercurrent events; Fostamatinib: same with sovleplenib; platelet  $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$  on at least 4 of 6 visits during weeks 14 and 24, without rescue therapy  
 [2] US label 2018; [3] US label 2008; [4] US label 2008 [5] China label 2021

# Sovleplenib: Immune Thrombocytopenia Purpura (ITP)

Large growing market with limited options

## Limited treatment options

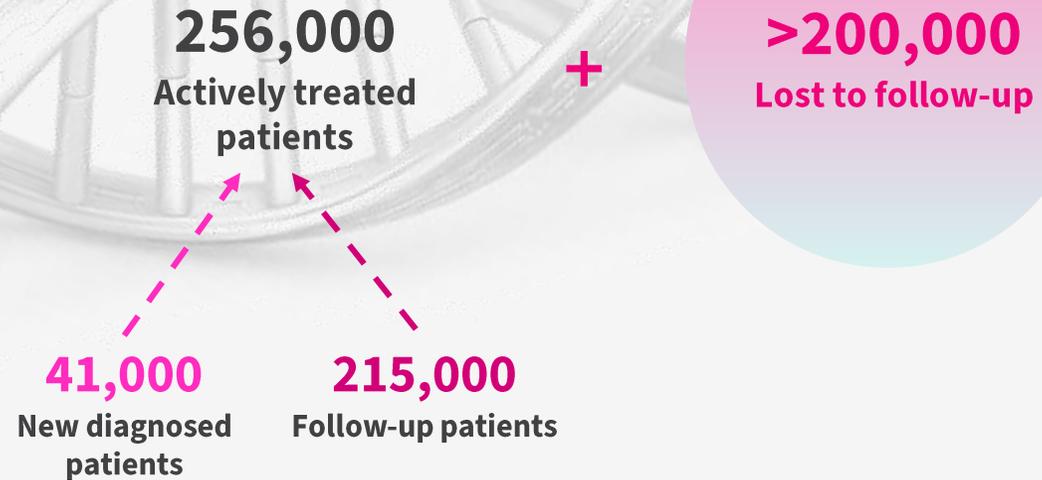
- Many patients do not respond or relapse to treatments like glucocorticoids, and TPO/TPO-RA <sup>[1]</sup>
- Fostamatinib, the only FDA approved Syk inhibitor, has a limited durable response rate of 18%

## Poor quality of life

- ITP negatively effects quality of life due to fatigue, activity restrictions and anxiety <sup>[2]</sup>

**China market: \$500m–\$700m** (In US\$)

Potential adult ITP addressable patients<sup>[3]</sup>



**Global market: incidence 57k<sup>[4]</sup>**

**Prevalence 520K<sup>[5]</sup>**

[1] Kim DS. Recent advances in treatments of adult immune thrombocytopenia. *Blood Res* 2022; 57: 112–19

[2] Mathias SD, Gao SK, Miller KL, et al. Impact of chronic immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) on health-related quality of life: a conceptual model starting with the patient perspective. *Health Qual Life Outcomes* 2008; 6: 13

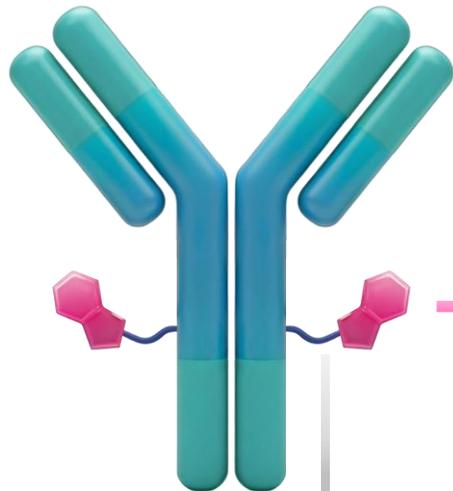
[3] IQVIA analysis; [4] Clarivate.; Immune Thrombocytopenic Purpura Niche & Rare Disease Landscape & Forecast. 2018 Apr

[5] Prevalence estimated based on Rigel presentation and DelveInsight, only considering China and 7MM markets

# Our first ATTC: HMPL-A251 (“A251”) in Global Phase I Trial

A first-in-class PI3K/PIKK inhibitor conjugated to a HER2-targeted antibody

HMPL-A251



Humanized anti-HER2  
IgG1 antibody  
(trastuzumab biosimilar)

PI3K/PIKK inhibitor  
(payload)  
DAR: ~4

Cleavable linker

## Potential attributes of ATTC platform

### Better Efficacy

Antibody-small molecule inhibitor  
combo synergy; overcome resistance

### Improved Safety

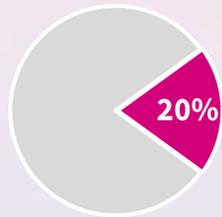
Reduce on-target/off tumor and off-  
target tox associated with SMI

# HER2-targeted Indications: Significant Global Market Potential

## Total Addressable Market: Example of Key Indications <sup>[1]</sup> <sup>[2]</sup>

(In US\$)

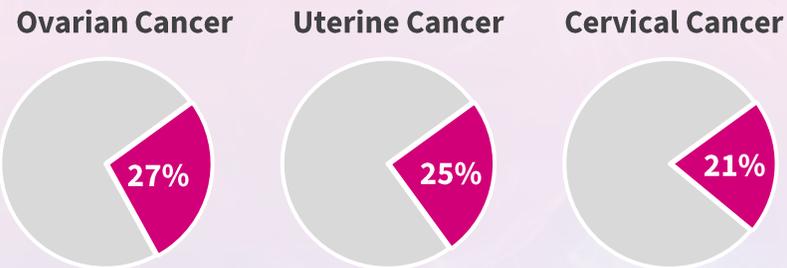
### HER2+ Breast Cancer



**1L: ~\$26bn**

**2L: ~\$5bn**

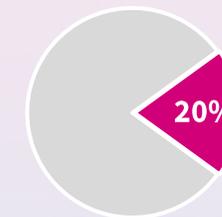
### HER2+ Gynecological Cancers



**1L: ~\$6.4bn**

**2L: ~\$3.2bn**

### HER2+ Gastric Cancer



**1L: ~\$2.7bn**

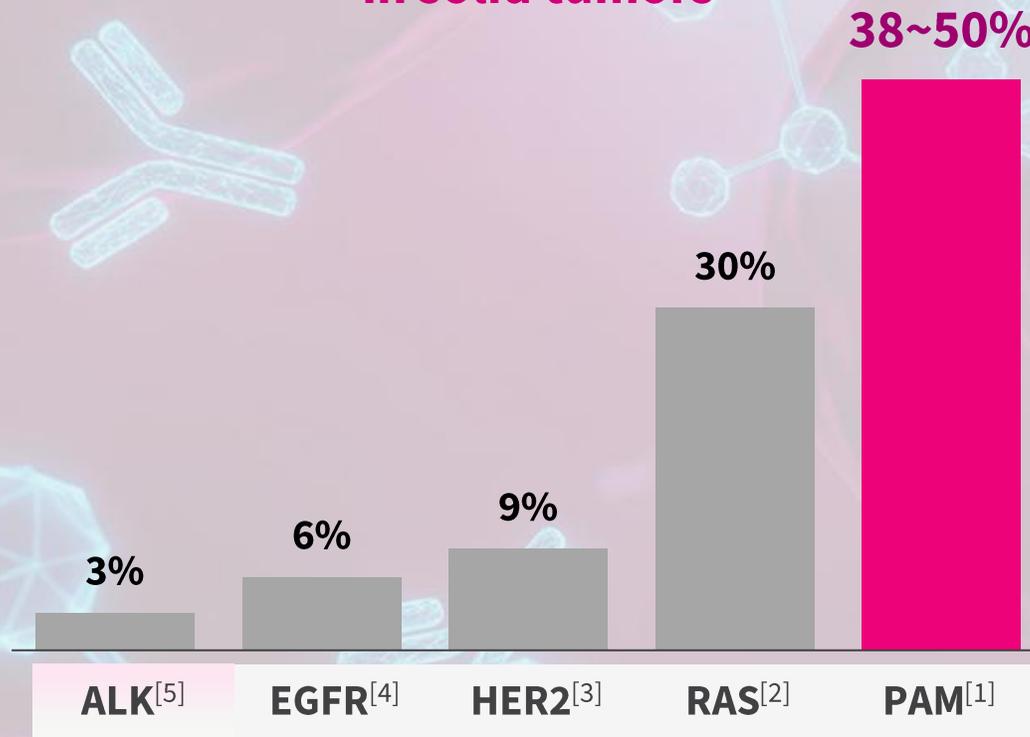
**2L: ~\$600m**

[1] Oh OY, et al. HER2-targeted therapies - a role beyond breast cancer. Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2020 Jan; 17 (1): 33-48

[2] HUTCHMED internal analysis

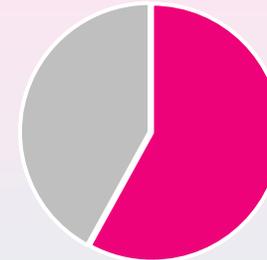
# PAM Pathway: Potential to Address Huge Unmet Medical Needs

**PAM is the most frequently altered pathway in solid tumors**

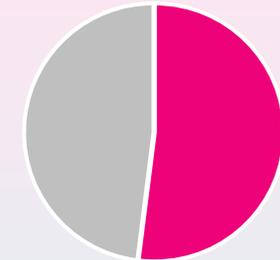


**PAM-altered frequency<sup>[6]</sup>**

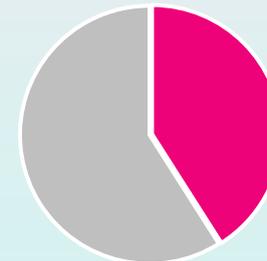
**Breast Cancer**



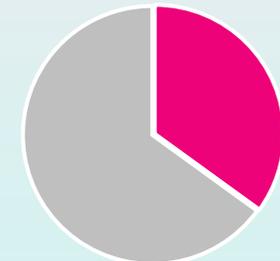
**Prostate Cancer**



**Gastric Cancer**



**Ovarian Cancer**



[1] Glaviano, A., et al. (2023). PI3K/AKT/mTOR signaling transduction pathway and targeted therapies in cancer. *Molecule Cancer*. 2023 Aug 18;22:138. doi: 10.1186/s12943-023-01827-6

[2] Gajendra S., et al (2016). The value of genomics in dissecting the RAS-network and in guiding therapeutics for RAS-driven cancers. *Semin Cell Dev Biol*. 2016 Jun 20;58:108-117. doi: 10.1016/j.semcdb.2016.06.012

[3] Jaeyun J., et al (2023). Clinical Implication of HER2 Aberration in Patients With Metastatic Cancer Using Next-Generation Sequencing: A Pan-Tumor Analysis. *Precision Oncology*, Volume 7. doi.org/10.1200/PO.22.00537

[4] Minkyue S., et al (2025). Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor Aberrations Identified by Next-Generation Sequencing in Patients with Metastatic Cancers. *Journal of Korean Cancer Association* 2025;57(4):932-941. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4143/crt.2024.564>

[5] Aditya S., et al (2023). ALK fusions in the pan-cancer setting: another tumor-agnostic target? *Precision Oncology* Volume 7, Article number: 101 (2023)

[6] Sherri Z., et al (2016). Landscape of Phosphatidylinositol-3-Kinase Pathway Alterations Across 19 784 Diverse Solid Tumors. *JAMA Oncol*. 2016;2(12):1565-1573. doi:10.1001/jamaoncol.2016.0891

# A251 Payload: A Potent Inhibitor Targeting PI3K/PIKK Pathways

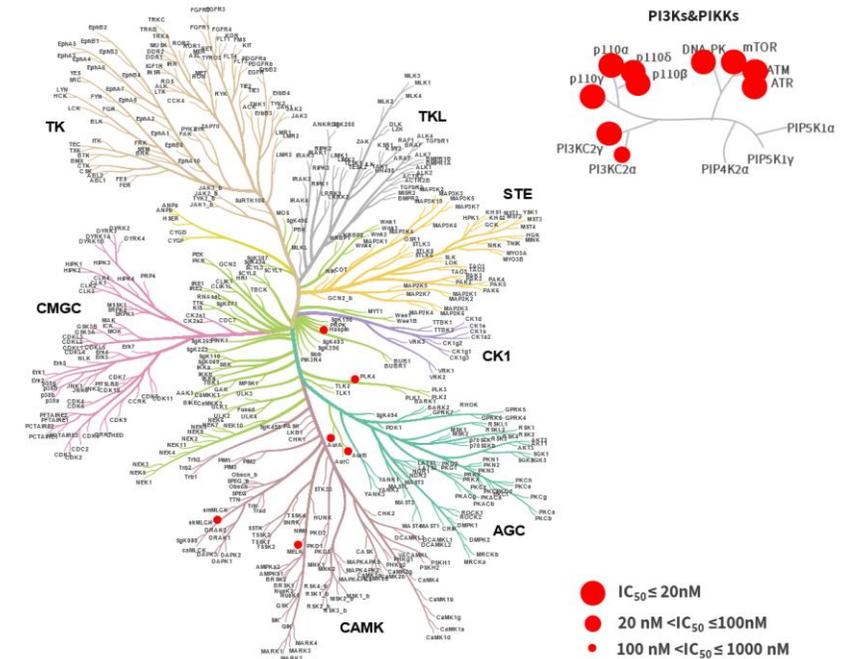
Cover multiple nodes along both PI3K and PIKK pathways with high affinities

Target	PI3K $\alpha$	PI3K $\beta/\gamma/\delta$	AKT	mTOR	ATR	ATM
Drug	PAM (PI3K/AKT/mTOR)			PIKK (ATR/ATM/mTOR)		
A251 payload (P1)	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Gedatolisib (NDA 2025)	✓	✓		✓		
Alpelisib (2019)	✓					
Inavolisib (2024)	✓					
Capivasertib (2023)			✓			
Everolimus (2009)				✓		
Sirolimus (1999)				✓		
Ceralasertib (P3 missed)					✓	
Lartesertib (P2)						✓

## Concerns in PAM/PIKK pathway:

- **PI3K/mTOR:** too toxic to proceed; poor PK properties
- **Pan-PI3K:** high toxicity; limited efficacy
- **Single node:** tolerable safety profile but OS benefit is still not desirable

## HMPL-A251 payload kinome tree with high selectivity

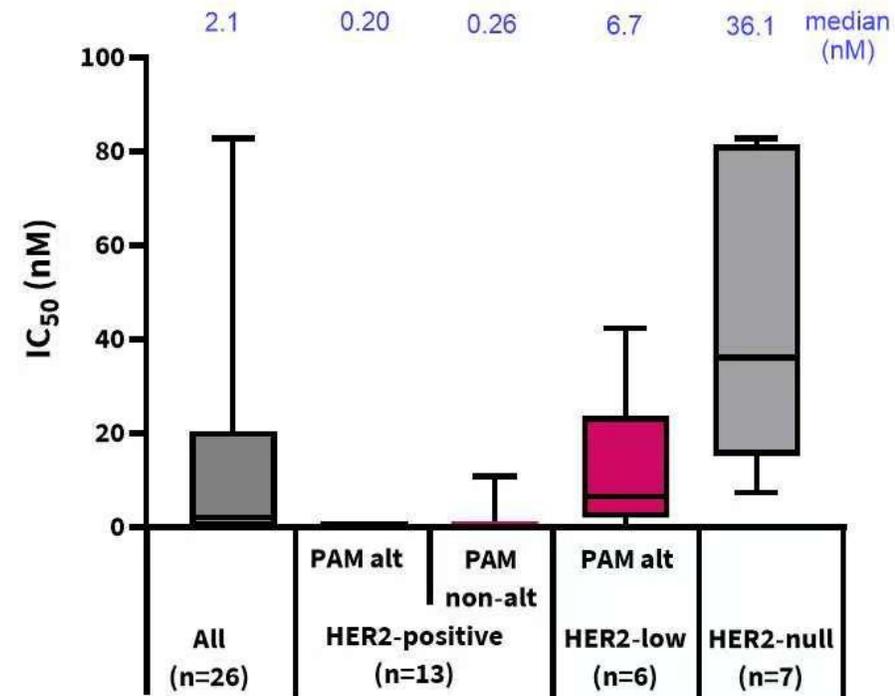


# A251: Activities in PAM Altered/Wild-type & Bystander Effect

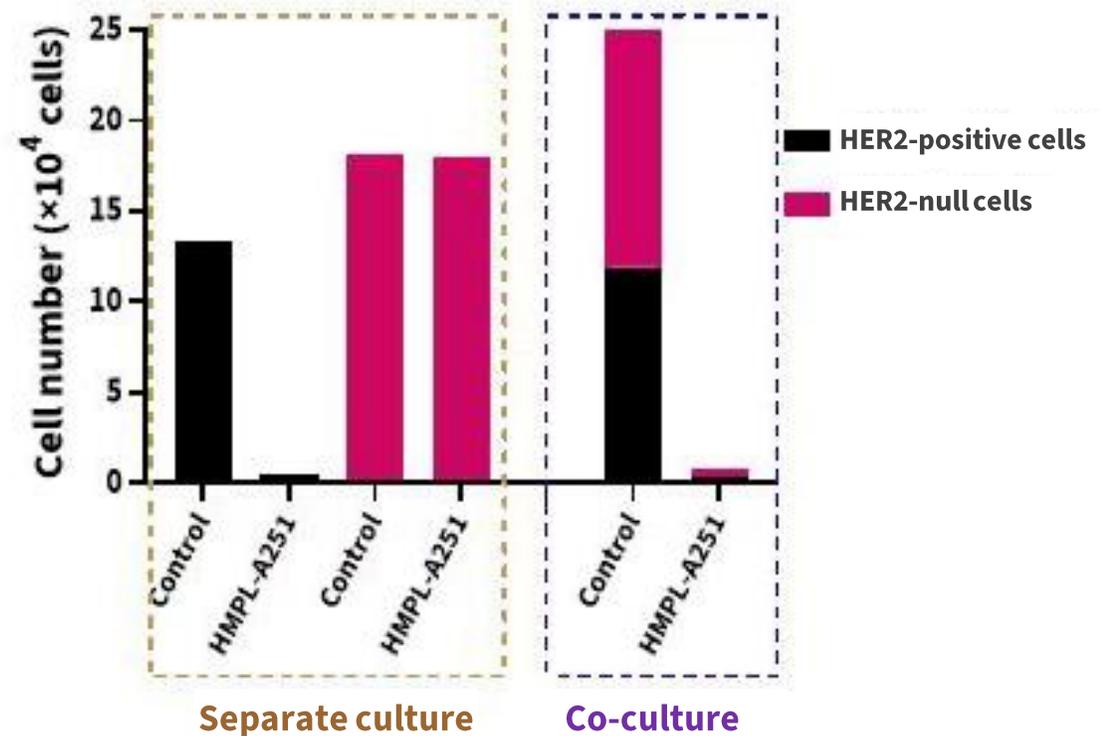
HER2-dependent cell growth-inhibitory activity with bystander killing effect to overcome HER2 heterogeneity



## Cell growth inhibition of HMPL-A251



## Bystander effect



# Preliminary Global Clinical Development Strategy

A data driven plan for US and China trials

## Dose escalation & expansion

MTD + RP2D

Define biomarker strategy in various indications

- Single agent dose escalation
- RP2D  $\pm$  MTD
- Population:
  - HER2 + or low
  - PAM status will be tested retrospectively

HER2 positive/low  
PAM (+/-)

## Proof of Concept

Safety and efficacy

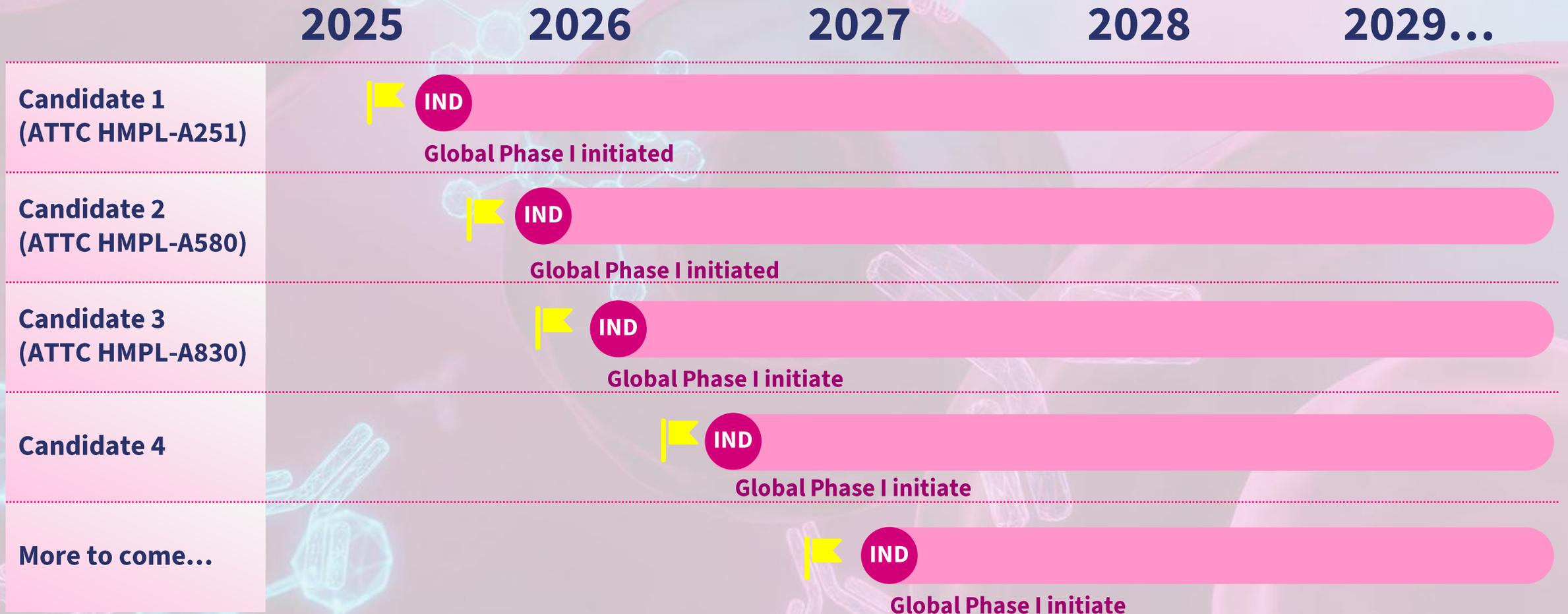
**HER2 expressing solid tumors**

**Biomarkers:**

**HER2 expression, PAM status (retrospective)**

**Monotherapy for late line;  
Combination for frontline**

# Next-gen Innovation Timeline



# Next 15 Months Potential Milestones

## Savolitinib\*

- Global** SAFFRON readout
- China** SANOVO readout
- China** 3L GC NDA approval

## Sovleplenib

- China** ITP NDA approval
- China** wAIHA NDA filing

## ATTC Platform

- Global** A580 pre-clinical data presentation
- Global** A830 IND filing (CN & US) and initiate

## Fruquintinib^

- China** RCC NDA approval

## Surufatinib

- China** PDAC Phase III enrollment completed

## Fanregratinib (HMPL-453)

- China** IHCC NDA approval

# Our Strategy

*Revenue growth & strategic actions on path to self-sustaining*

# Outlook: 2026 and Beyond

## Pipeline

- SAFFRON/SANOVO readouts
- Hematologic assets
- Sovleplenib NDA under review

## Innovation

- ATTC A251 ongoing Phase I
- ATTC A580 ongoing Phase I
- ATTC A830 to initiate Phase I

## Commercial

- FRUZAQLA® global expansion
- ELUNATE® new indications

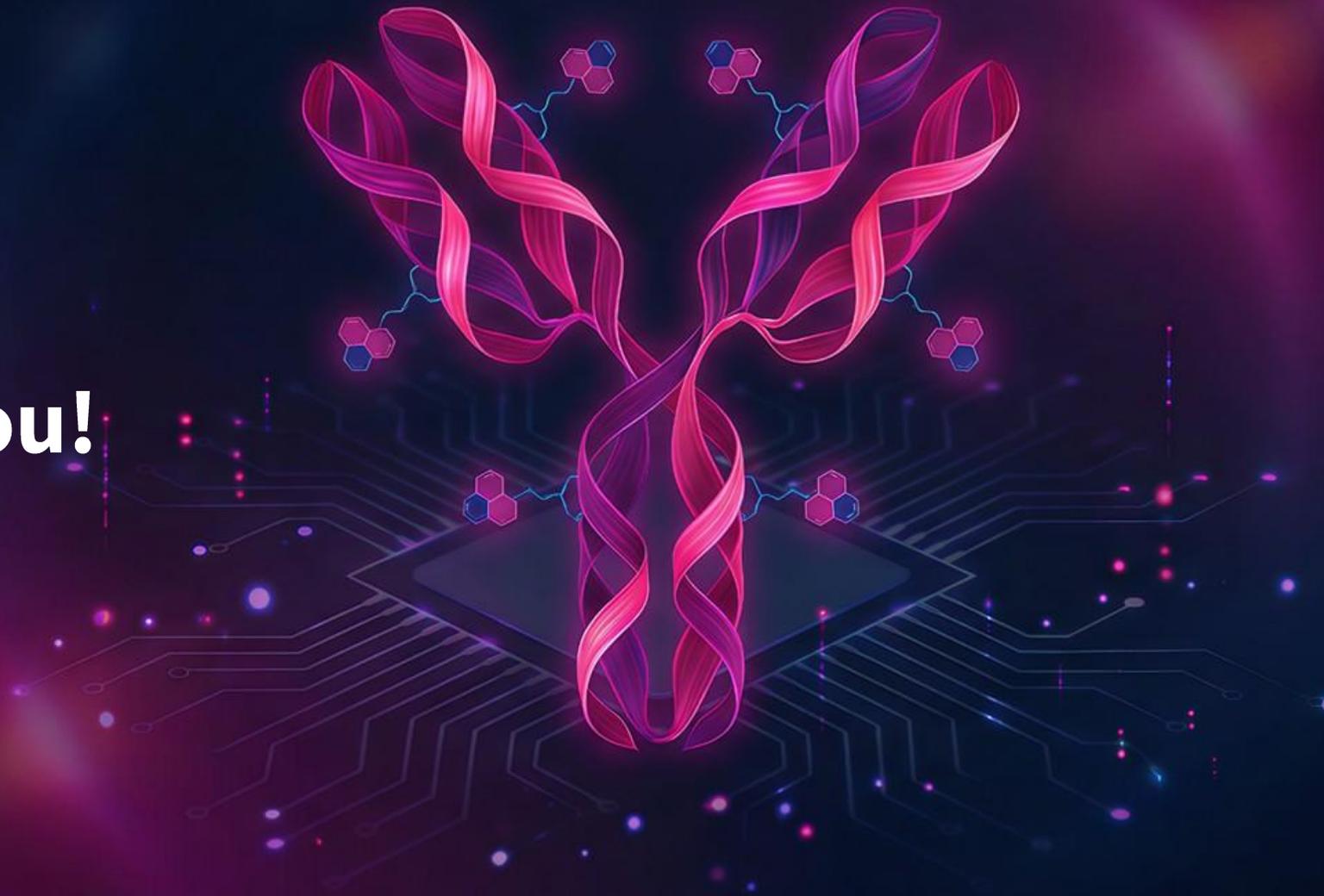
- Potential **NDA filings**
- **Heme new products** to drive China sales growth

- Expedite **global** development
- Explore **BD opportunities** to validate platform

2026 Oncology/Immunology  
Revenue Guidance  
US\$330m to US\$450m

**Q&A**

**Thank you!**



# References & Abbreviations

ADS = American depositary share.  
AIHA = autoimmune hemolytic anemia.  
ALK = anaplastic lymphoma kinase.  
ALL = acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia.  
AML = acute myeloid leukemia.  
API = active pharmaceutical ingredient.  
ASCO = American Society of Clinical Oncology.  
ASCO GI = ASCO (American Society of Clinical Oncology) Gastrointestinal Cancers Symposium.  
ASH = American Society of Hematology.  
bsAb = bi-specific antibody.  
BID = twice daily.  
BRAF = B-Raf.  
BSC = best supportive care.  
BTK = bruton's tyrosine kinase.  
CBCL = cutaneous B-cell lymphoma.  
CER = constant exchange rate.  
CI = confidence interval.  
CLL/SLL = chronic lymphocytic leukemia and small lymphocytic lymphoma.  
CRC = colorectal cancer.  
CRL = complete response letter.  
CSF-1R = colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor.  
DCO = data cutoff.  
DDI = drug-drug interactions.  
DLBCL = diffuse large B-cell lymphoma.  
dMMR = deficient mismatch.  
DoR = duration of response.  
DRR = durable response rate.  
epNET = extra-pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor.  
EGFR = epidermal growth factor receptor.  
EGFRm+ = epidermal growth factor receptor mutated.  
EMA = European Medicines Agency.  
EMC = endometrial cancer.  
Epizyme = Epizyme Inc.  
ERK = extracellular signal-regulated kinase.  
ES = epithelioid sarcoma.  
EU = European Union.  
EZH2 = enhancer of zeste homolog 2.  
FISH = fluorescence in situ hybridization.  
FISH5+ = MET amplification as detected by FISH with MET copy number  $\geq 5$  and/or MET: CEP signal ratio  $\geq 2$ .  
FISH10+ = MET amplification as detected by FISH with MET copy number  $\geq 10$ .  
FDA = Food and Drug Administration.  
FGFR = fibroblast growth factor receptor.  
FL = follicular lymphoma.  
FPI = first patient in.  
GAAP = Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.  
GC = gastric cancer.  
GEJ = gastroesophageal junction.  
GI = gastrointestinal.  
HKEX = The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.  
HL = Hodgkin's lymphoma.  
HR = hazard ratio.  
Hutchison Sinopharm = Hutchison Whampoa Sinopharm Pharmaceuticals (Shanghai) Company Limited.  
IDH1/2 = Isocitrate dehydrogenase-1 OR isocitrate dehydrogenase-2.  
In-market sales = total sales to third parties provided by Eli Lilly (ELUNATE®), Takeda (FRUZAQLA®), AstraZeneca (ORPATHYS®) and HUTCHMED (ELUNATE®, SULANDA®, ORPATHYS® and TAZVERIK®).  
HCPs = healthcare professionals.  
ICI = immune checkpoint inhibitor.  
IHC = immunohistochemistry.  
IHC50+ = MET overexpression as detected by IHC with 3+ in  $\geq 50\%$  tumor cells.  
IHC90+ = MET overexpression as detected by IHC with 3+ in  $\geq 90\%$  tumor cells.  
ILD = interstitial lung disease.  
iNHL = indolent Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma.  
I/O = Immuno-oncology.  
IND = Investigational New Drug (application).  
IR = independent review.  
IRC = independent review committee.  
ITP = Immune thrombocytopenia purpura.  
ITT = Intent-to-treat.  
Lilly = Eli Lilly and Company.  
MAA = Marketing Authorization Application.  
MAPK pathway = RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK signaling cascade.  
Mab = monoclonal antibody.  
MCL = mantle cell lymphoma.  
MDS/MPN = myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasms.  
MET = mesenchymal epithelial transition factor.  
MRCT = multi-regional clinical trial.  
MSI-H = high levels of microsatellite instability.  
MSL = Medical Science Liaison.  
MSS / pMMR = microsatellite stable / mismatch repair proficient.  
MZL = marginal zone lymphoma.  
na = not available.  
NDA = New Drug Application.  
NEC = neuroendocrine carcinoma.  
NETs = neuroendocrine tumors.  
NHL = Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma.  
NME = new molecular entity.  
NR = not reached.  
NRDL = National Reimbursement Drug List.  
NSCLC = non-small cell lung cancer.  
ORR = objective response rate.  
OS = overall survival.  
QD = once daily.  
PD = progressive disease.  
PD-L1 = programmed cell death ligand 1.  
PFS = progression-free survival.  
PI3K $\delta$  = phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta.  
PJP = pneumocystis jirovecii pneumonia.  
PMDA = Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency.  
pNET = pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor.  
ccRCC = clear cell renal cell carcinoma.  
PDAC = pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma.  
pMMR = Proficient mismatch repair.  
PRCC = papillary renal cell carcinoma.  
PTCL = peripheral T-cell lymphomas.  
R&D = research and development.  
ROS-1 = c-ros oncogene 1.  
SHPL = Shanghai Hutchison Pharmaceuticals Limited.  
sNDA = supplemental New Drug Application.  
SOC = standard of care.  
Syk = spleen tyrosine kinase.  
TEAE = treatment emergent adverse events.  
TNBC = triple negative breast cancer.  
TGCT = tenosynovial giant cell tumor.  
TKI = tyrosine kinase inhibitor.  
TPO-RA = thrombopoietin receptor agonists.  
Tx = treatment.  
VEGF = vascular endothelial growth factor.  
VEGFR = vascular endothelial growth factor receptor.  
VET = venous thromboembolism.  
wAIHA = warm antibody autoimmune hemolytic anemia.  
WM/LPL = Waldenström macroglobulinemia and lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma.  
WT = wild-type.  
WCLC = IASLC World Conference on Lung Cancer.

# APPENDIX

# In-market Sales

Global in-market sales growth momentum to continue



(In US\$ millions)	2025	2024	%Δ (CER)
<b>Oncology Medicines In-market Sales<sup>[1]</sup></b>			
<b>FRUZAQLA® (fruquintinib)</b>	\$366.2	\$290.6	+26% (+26%)
<b>ELUNATE® (fruquintinib)</b>	\$100.1	\$115.0	-13% (-13%)
<b>SULANDA® (surufatinib)</b>	\$27.0	\$49.0	-45% (-45%)
<b>ORPATHYS® (savolitinib)</b>	\$28.9	\$45.5	-36% (-36%)
<b>TAZVERIK® (tazemetostat)</b>	\$2.5	\$0.9	+158% (+156%)
<b>Oncology Products</b>	<b>\$524.7</b>	<b>\$501.0</b>	<b>+5% (+5%)</b>



[1] For FRUZAQLA®, ELUNATE®, and ORPATHYS®, mainly represents total sales to third parties as provided by Takeda, Lilly and AstraZeneca, respectively. They are not necessarily equal to consolidated product revenue booked by HUTCHMED.

# 2025 Financial Overview (1/2)

(in \$'000)

	As of December 31,	
	2025	2024
<b>Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments	1,367,275	836,110
Accounts receivable	126,750	155,537
Other current assets	73,317	74,908
Property, plant and equipment	94,623	92,498
Investment in equity investees	10,865	77,765
Other non-current assets	80,267	37,378
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1,753,097</b>	<b>1,274,196</b>
<b>Liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		
Accounts payable	45,533	42,521
Other payables and accruals	208,892	256,124
Bank borrowings	93,160	82,806
Deferred revenue	51,547	98,503
Other liabilities	102,703	22,389
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>501,835</b>	<b>502,343</b>
<b>Company's shareholders' equity</b>	<b>1,237,926</b>	<b>759,929</b>
Non-controlling interests	13,336	11,924
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>1,753,097</b>	<b>1,274,196</b>

# 2025 Financial Overview (2/2)

(in \$'000)

	<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	2025	2024
<b>Revenue:</b>		
Oncology/Immunology – Marketed Products	214,356	271,534
Oncology/Immunology – R&D	71,183	91,831
Oncology/Immunology Consolidated Revenue	285,539	363,365
Other Ventures	262,973	266,836
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>548,512</b>	<b>630,201</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>		
Cost of revenue	(336,349)	(348,884)
Research and development expenses	(148,295)	(212,109)
Selling and administrative expenses	(103,028)	(112,913)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>(587,672)</b>	<b>(673,906)</b>
Gain on divestment of an equity investee	476,896	—
Other income, net	60,955	42,598
<b>Income/(loss) before income taxes and equity in earnings of equity investees</b>	<b>498,691</b>	<b>(1,107)</b>
Income tax expense	(2,477)	(7,192)
Income tax expense – Divestment of an equity investee	(61,133)	—
Equity in earnings of equity investees, net of tax	22,651	46,469
<b>Net income</b>	<b>457,732</b>	<b>38,170</b>
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(823)	(441)
<b>Net income attributable to HUTCHMED</b>	<b>456,909</b>	<b>37,729</b>

# HUTCHMED Diversified and Validated Late-stage Pipeline



Drug	Study	Target Disease	Status
Fruquintinib <sup>^^</sup>	<b>FRUSICA-1</b>	2L pMMR EMC	China conditional approval in Dec 2024 (2026 NRDL inclusion)
	<b>FRUSICA-2</b>	2L RCC	China NDA acceptance in Jun 2025
Savolitinib*	<b>SACHI</b>	2L EGFRm MET-amp NSCLC	China approval in Jun 2025
	<b>Registration</b>	3L MET-amp GC	China NDA acceptance in Dec 2025
	<b>SAFFRON</b>	2/3L EGFRm MET-amp/oe NSCLC	Fully enrolled in Nov 2025 (data readout H2 2026)
	<b>SANOVO</b>	1L MET-oe NSCLC	Fully enrolled in Aug 2025 (data readout late 2026 or early 2027)
Surufatinib	<b>Phase II/III</b>	1L PDAC	Phase III FPI in Dec 2025
Tazemetostat <sup>^</sup>	<b>Bridging</b>	3L r/r FL	China NMPA approval in Mar 2025 (2026 CIDL inclusion)
	<b>SYMPHONY-1</b>	2L FL	Ongoing (HUTCHMED conducts the study in China)
Sovleplenib	<b>ESLIM-01</b>	2L ITP	NDA re-submission in Feb 2026
	<b>ESLIM-02</b>	2L wAIHA	Positive topline results (potential NDA H1 2026)
Fanregratinib (HMPL-453)	<b>Registration</b>	2L FGFR2 fusion/rearrangement IHCC	China NDA acceptance in Dec 2025
Ranosidenib (HMPL-306)	<b>RAPHAEL</b>	2L IDH1/2+ r/r AML	FPI in May 2024
HMPL-760 (BTK)	<b>Phase II</b>	r/r DLBCL	To initiate Phase III

MET-amp = MET amplified; MET-oe = MET overexpressed; LPI = last-patient-in; FPI = first-patient-in; NRDL = National Reimbursement Drug List; CIDL = Commercial Insurance Drug List  
<sup>^^</sup> In collaboration with Lilly; \* In collaboration with AstraZeneca; <sup>^</sup> In collaboration with Ipsen

# HUTCHMED ATTC Pipeline

Drug	Target	Indication	Status	Rights
<b>ATTC 1</b> <b>HMPL-A251</b>	<b>PI3K/PIKK,</b> <b>HER2</b>	Solid tumors	Global Phase I: initiated in Dec 2025 Phase I	Global
<b>ATTC 2</b> <b>HMPL-A580</b>	<b>PI3K/PIKK,</b> <b>EGFR</b>	Solid tumors	Global Phase I: initiated in Mar 2026 Phase I	Global
<b>ATTC 3</b> <b>HMPL-A830</b>	<b>Undisclosed</b>	Solid tumors	Phase I initiation H2 2026: China & US Pre-clinical	Global

# Savolitinib: Comparison of **SACHI** and **MARIPOSA-2** for Patients Progressed on 3<sup>rd</sup> Gen EGFR TKI with MET amplification

	MARIPOSA-2 <sup>[1][2]</sup> Amivantamab+chemo vs chemo ITT: 120 vs 221	SACHI <sup>[3]</sup> Savolitinib+Osimertinib vs chemo ITT: 106 vs 105	Comments
<b>METamp detection</b>	ctDNA NGS  14%	Tissue FISH  39%	<b>Precision detection – tissue biopsy is needed</b>
<b>Post 3<sup>rd</sup> gen EGFR TKI with METamp subgroup</b>	12 vs 30	37 vs 37	
<b>Administration</b>	Multiple injections <i>Chemo toxicities</i>	Oral <i>Chemo free</i>	
<b>mPFS (m)</b>	<b>4.4 vs 3.1 (4.2 for ITT)</b> <b>HR: 0.51 (p=0.078)</b>	<b>6.9 vs 3.0</b> <b>HR: 0.32 (p&lt;0.0001)</b>	<b>MET amplification is a poor prognostic factor</b>
<b>Evidence of CNS efficacy</b>	No data	Yes, both from SAVANNAH and SACHI	

ITT = Intention-to-treat; HR = hazard ratio

[1] Califano R, Amivantamab plus chemotherapy vs chemotherapy in EGFR-mutant advanced NSCLC after disease progression on osimertinib: Outcomes by osimertinib resistance mechanisms in MARIPOSA-2, ASCO 2025, Abstract# 8639

[2] Passaro A, Amivantamab plus chemotherapy (with or without Lazertinib) vs chemotherapy in EGFR-mutated, advanced NSCLC after progression on osimertinib, ESMO 2023 Abstract #LBA15, DOI: 10.1016/j.annonc.2023.10.117

[3] Shun L, et al; Savolitinib combined with osimertinib versus chemotherapy in EGFR-mutant and MET-amplified advanced NSCLC after disease progression on EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor: results from a randomized phase 3 SACHI study; ASCO 2025

# Sovleplenib: warm Antibody Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia (wAIHA)

## ESLIM-02 Phase III Demonstrated Positive Topline Results

- Phase III data to be presented
- Potential China NDA in H1 2026
- No disease-targeted therapies approved, despite the unmet medical need that exists for these patients

### ESLIM-02 Phase II Results



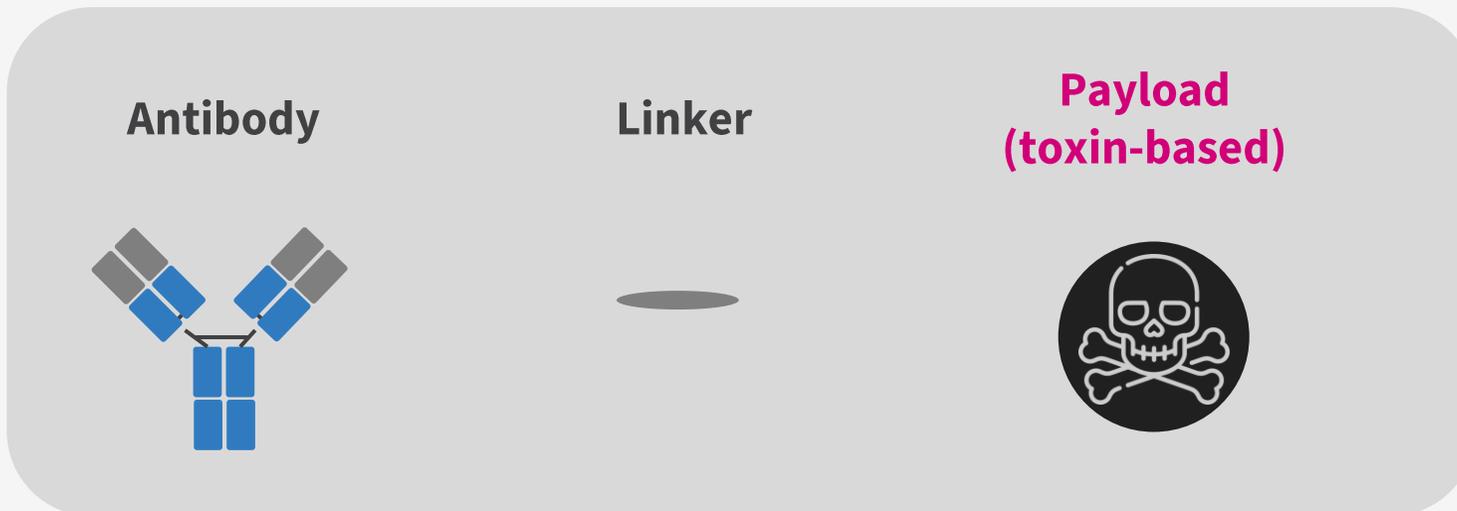
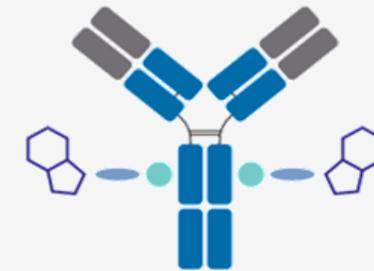
Efficacy	Definition	Week 0-8 (Double blind)		Week 8-24 (Open label)	Week 0-24 (Double blind + Open label)
		Sovleplenib (n=16)	Placebo (n=5)	Cross-over from placebo (n=5)	All sovleplenib (n=21)
<b>Overall response, % (n)</b>	Hb ≥100 g/L with an increase of ≥20 g/L from baseline	43.8% (7/16)	0% (0)	60.0% (3/5)	<b>66.7%</b> (14/21)
<b>Durable response, % (n)</b>	Hb ≥ 100 g/L with an increase of ≥20 g/L from baseline on 3 consecutive visits with at least 7 days interval	18.8% (3/16)	0% (0)	40.0% (2/5)	<b>47.6%</b> (10/21)

# HUTCHMED ATTC vs. Traditional ADC

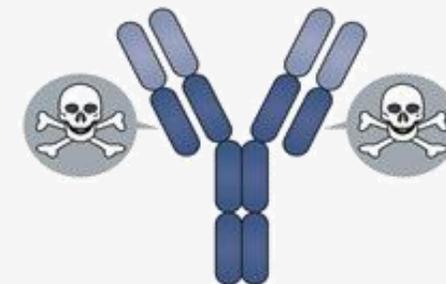
Better efficacy & safety; potential 1<sup>st</sup> line applications



**Antibody-Targeted Therapy Conjugates (ATTC)**



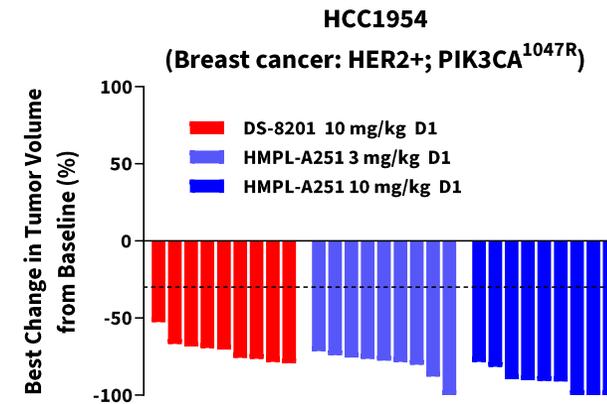
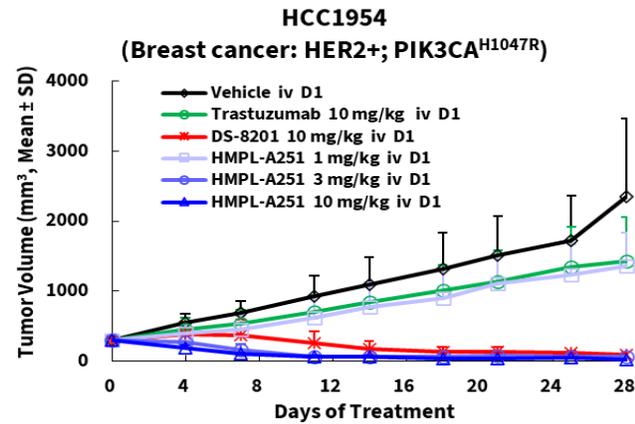
**Traditional Antibody-Drug Conjugates (ADC)**



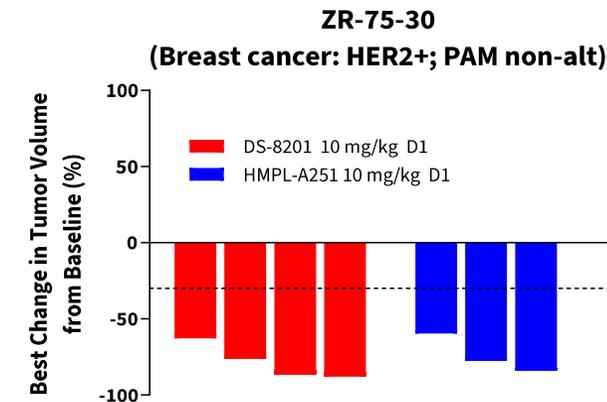
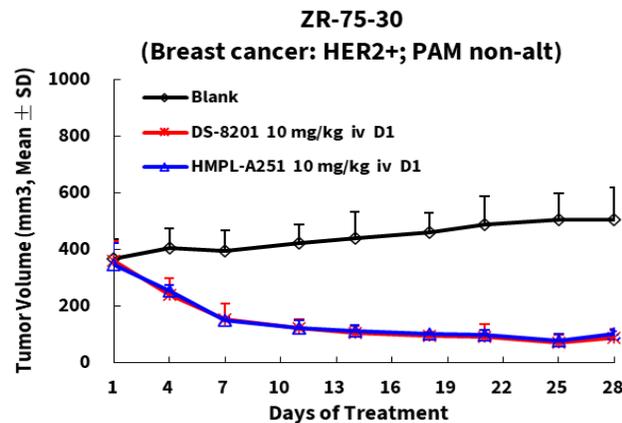
# ATTC: *In Vivo* Anti-tumor Efficacy of A251 vs. DS-8201

A single intravenous dose of A251 demonstrated robust anti-tumor activity in **HER2-positive tumor models with/without PAM alterations**, which was comparable or stronger than DS-8201 administered at an equivalent dose

## A: HER2+/PAM-altered Breast Cancer Tumor Xenograft (HCC1954)



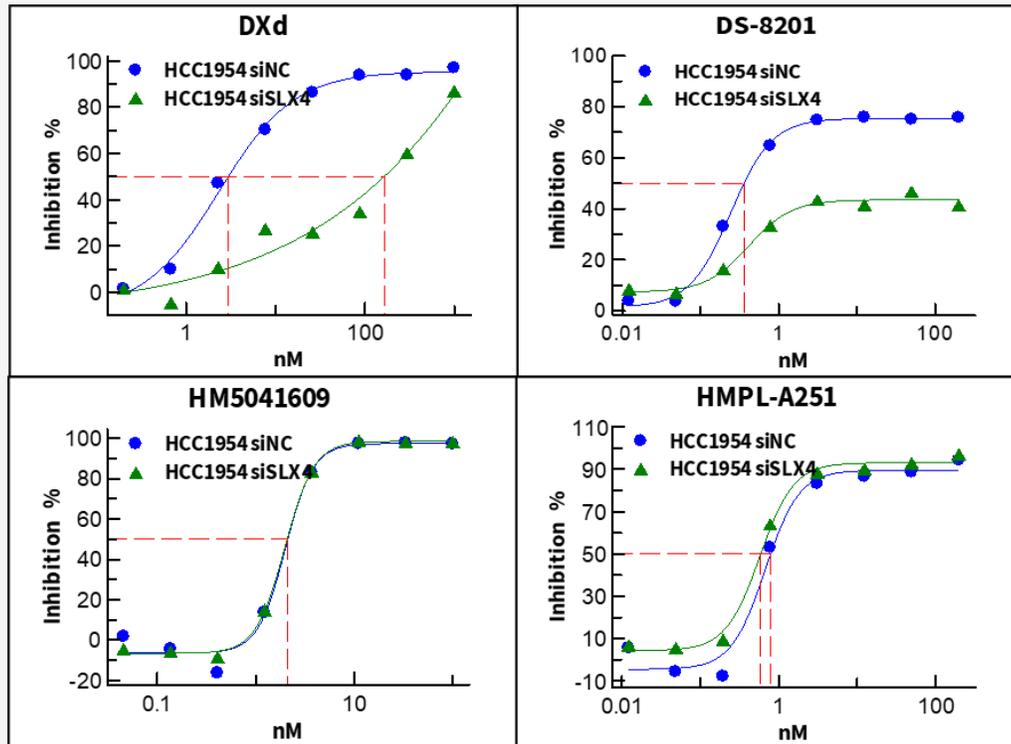
## B: HER2+/PAM-non-altered Breast Cancer Tumor Xenograft (ZR-75-30)



# ATTC: Anti-tumor Activity of HMPL-A251 in DS-8201 Resistant Model

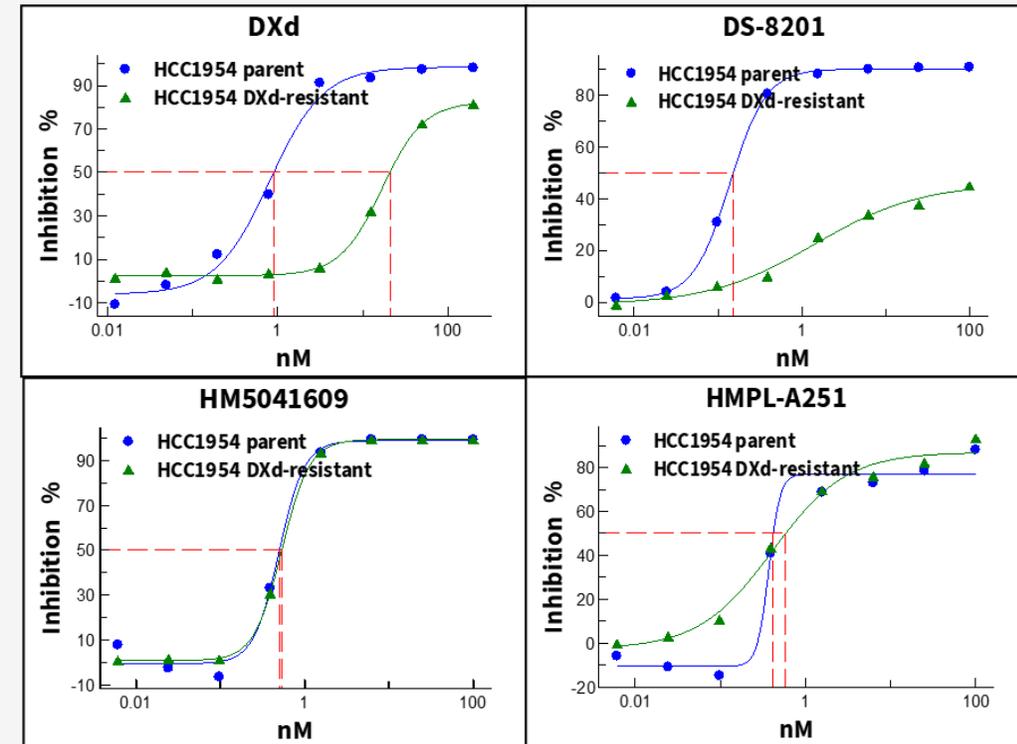
HMPL-A251 can overcome the DXd-mediated resistance to DS-8201

**Dose-response inhibition curves of HCC1954 cells transfected with non-targeting or SLX4-targeted siRNAs**



	DXd	DS-8201	609 (PI3K/PIKK)	HMPL-A251
IC <sub>50</sub> shift	55.3x	>556x	1.0x	0.75x

**Dose-response inhibition curves of HCC1954 parent and DXd-induced resistant cells**



	DXd	DS-8201	609 (PI3K/PIKK)	HMPL-A251
IC <sub>50</sub> shift	23.2x	>667x	1.1x	1.4x

# HMPL-306 for IDH1/2-mutated Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML)



Initiated RAPHAEL registrational phase III trial in May 2024

(In US)



IDH1/2 mutations

~**15-25%** of AML patients <sup>[3]</sup>



**Nearly 25%** of AML patients fail to achieve remission after treatment <sup>[4]</sup>



**No** dual inhibitor targeting both IDH1 and IDH2 mutants has been approved

- One IDH1 inhibitor in China
- Two IDH1 inhibitors and one IDH2 inhibitor in the US



[1] Lin J et al. IDH1 and IDH2 mutation analysis in Chinese patients with acute myeloid leukemia and myelodysplastic syndrome. Ann Hematol. 2012;91(4):519-525. doi:10.1007/s00277-011-1352-7.

[2] AbbVie. (2024). Acute myeloid leukemia (AML). AbbVie Science. Retrieved July 1, 2024, from <https://www.abbviescience.com/cancer-types/acute-myeloid-leukemia.html>

[3] Guillermo Bravo et al. The role of IDH mutations in acute myeloid leukemia. Future Oncology 2018 (14) 10: 979-993

[4] Mianmian Gu et al. The prevalence, risk factors, and prognostic value of anxiety and depression in refractory or relapsed acute myeloid leukemia patients of North China. Medicine 98(50):p e18196, Dec 2019

# HMPL-306: CR+CRh Rates in Patients with IDH1 / IDH2 Mutation

## Phase I study<sup>[1]</sup>

### CR+CRh rates in patients with IDH1 mutation



### CR+CRh rates in patients with IDH2 mutation



	OS event, n (%)	Median OS (95% CI), month
150/250 mg group	8 (53.3)	13.4 (1.2-NR)
RP2D group	4 (36.4)	NR (0.9-NR)

	OS event, n (%)	Median OS (95% CI), month
150/250 mg group	13 (65.0)	13.1 (2.3-16.9)
RP2D group	4 (33.3)	NR (1.3-NR)

\*Patients with FLT3/RAS mutation were excluded  
 CR = complete remission; CRh = CR with partial hematologic recovery; RP2D = recommended phase 2 dose; NR = not reached  
 [1] EHA 2024 #P532

# HMPL-760: Commercial Opportunity in 2L DLBCL All-comers

High unmet medical need with no other BTK entry

(In US)



DLBCL is the most common aggressive non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), accounting for >40% of NHL



Annual China DLBCL patients:

- New incidence: ~20k-30k patients;
- Prevalence: 200k-250k patients



# Substantial sustainability delivery in 2025

Good progress on ESG targets under 5 strategic pillars, steady improvement in ESG ratings

**Innovation**

**Climate Action**

**Human Capital**

**Access to Healthcare**

**Ethics and Transparency**

**Achievements:**

**>20 novel drug candidates**  
created by our drug discovery engine

**>300,000 patients treated**  
by our novel cancer medicines

**>15,000 enrolled**  
in clinical trials

**>\$2bn**  
invested in R&D

**10 partnerships**  
in R&D

**Achievements:**

**↓50% carbon emissions intensity**  
(vs 2020)

**↓30% energy intensity**  
(vs 2020)

**↓22% Scope 3 data**

**Completed climate risk financial assessment**  
Transiting planning in place

**Achievements:**

**Highly balanced workforce**  
**Gender ratio M:F**  
Overall **45 : 55**  
Management **44 : 56**  
Senior management **56 : 44**

**Awarded Top Employer in China**  
for 3 consecutive years

**Achievements:**

Three medicines marketed in China are included in **NRDL**; and entered **EAP** and/or **PAP**

ELUNATE® / FRUZAQLA® is **eligible for reimbursement** in Canada, Hong Kong, Japan, Spain, and potentially eligible in the UK

TAZVERIK® included in China's inaugural **Commercial Insurance Drug List**

**Achievements:**

**100% training rate** on Sustainability and ABAC

**High standards** of compliance and ethics maintained

**Good ESG Governance** framework maintained

**Current ESG ratings**

<b>MSCI</b>	<b>A</b>
<b>S&amp;P Global</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>SUSTAINALYTICS</b> <small>a Morningstar company</small>	<b>21.9</b> Medium Risk
<b>RATED BY ISS ESG</b>	<b>B-Prime</b>
<b>Hang Seng Corporate Sustainability Index Series</b>	<b>A-</b>
<b>CDP</b>	Climate: <b>C</b> Water Security: <b>D</b> Supplier Engagement: <b>B-</b>